(1) It is the goal of the Department that every baby born alive in Georgia shall be tested for the following conditions, unless its parents or legal guardians object in writing on the ground that such tests and treatment conflict with their religious beliefs:

(a) critical congenital heart disease (CCHD),
(b) hearing impairment,
(c) argininosuccinic aciduria,
(d) beta-ketothiolase deficiency,
(e) biotinidase deficiency,
(f) carnitine uptake defect,
(g) citrullinemia,
(h) congenital adrenal hyperplasia,
(i) congenital hypothyroidism,
(j) cystic fibrosis,
(k) galactosemia,
(l) glutaric acidemia type I,
(m) homocystinuria,
(n) isovaleric acidemia,
(o) long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency,
(p) maple syrup urine disease,
(q) medium-chain acyl Co-A dehydrogenase deficiency,
(r) methylmalonic acidemia,
(s) multiple carboxylase deficiency,
(t) phenylketonuria,
(u) propionic acidemia,
(v) severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID),
(w) sickle cell hemoglobinopathies,
(x) trifunctional protein deficiency,
(y) tyrosinemia,
(z) very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency,
(aa) 3-methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase deficiency, and
(bb) 3-OH 3-CH₃ glutaric aciduria.

(2) Unless otherwise noted in subparagraph (1) above, testing for conditions (1)(c) through (1)(bb) shall be conducted through laboratory analysis of the baby’s blood on a Newborn Screening Specimen Card as provided in DPH Rule 511-5-5-.04.